

Program Syllabus Booklet

Masters of Technology in Construction Technology & Management (M. Tech CTM-145)



Session: 2016 – 17

Guru Gobind Singh College of Engg. & Tech. Guru Kashi University, Talwandi Sabo



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Program Name: Masters of Technology in Construction Technology & Management

Program Code: 145

Introduction to the Program

Construction Technology and Management engineering postgraduates help in managing construction works ranging from a small apartment complex to a huge bridge. They are in huge demand for converting engineering plans into finished structures - basically turning dreams into reality. They use their knowledge and experience for various areas of construction -- managing labours, materials, estimating cost, total planning, and overseeing construction plans. They may hold different job titles such as contractors, supervisors, project managers, project heads, superintendents, estimators, safety specialists, schedulers and examiners.



Annexure -2

			Semest	er: Is	t					
Sr . No.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of Cours	Week)		Per	No. of Credi	Intern al	Extern al	Total Mar
110.	Couc		e T/P	L	T	P	ts	Marks	Marks	Mar ks 100 100 100 100
1	145101	Construction Management & Equipment	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
2	145102	Concrete Construction Technology	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
3	145103	Computation Techniques	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
4	145104	Building Planning & Design	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
5		Elective-I	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
Total	Total No. of Credits						20			

Electiv	ve-I		
1	145105	Environment Engineering Management	&
2	145106	Bridge Engineering	



Study	Scheme	Semester:	2nd

Sr.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of Cours	of Week)		Per	No. of Credi	Intern al	Extern al	Total Mar
			e T/P	L	T	P	ts	Marks	Marks	ks
1	145201	Foundation Design & Construction	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
2	145202	Maintenance of Building Structure	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
3	145203	Computer Aided Design	T	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
4	145204	Building Cost and Quality	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
5		Elective-II	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
Total No. of Credits			1				20			

Electiv	ve-II	
1	145205	Pavement Design, Construction and Maintenance
2	145206	Rural Construction Technology



Study Scheme

Semester: 3rd

Sr.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of Cours		(Hours Per Week)		No. of Credi	Intern al	Extern al Morks	Total Mar
	Couc		e T/P	L	T	P	ts	Marks	Marks	ks
1		Elective-III	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
2		Elective-IV	Т	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
3	145305	Project	P	0	0	8	4	60	40	100
4	145306	Seminar	P	N A	N A	N A	2	100	N.A	100
Total	No. of Cre	dits	•							

Electiv	ve-III	
1	145301	Advanced Structural Design and Detailing
2	145302	Composite Materials

Electiv	ve-IV	
1	145303	Disaster Reduction and Management
2	145304	Construction Costing and Financial Management



Semester: 4th

Sr.	Course Code	Course Name	Type (Hours) Of Week) Cours		Per	No. of Credi	Intern al	Extern al	Total Mar	
	Code	e T/P		L	T	P	ts	Marks	Marks	ks
1	145401	Dissertation	T/P	N A	N A	N A	20	500	500	1000
Total 3	Total No. of Credits		1				20			

- 1: Each theory paper examination will be of three hours duration.
- 2: Seminar will be independent study on the related topic & will be evaluated internally.
- 3: Thesis will be evaluated by External Examiner and internal guide the candidate is required to make presentation on required thesis work and viva voce will be held.



Annexure 3

Course Name: Construction Management and Equipment

Course Code: 145101

Semester: 1st

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT 1

Engineering Economy: Principle of Engineering Economy, Minimum cost point analysis, breakeven point analysis, Depreciation and depletion.

Safety in Construction: Causes, classification, cost and measurement of an accident, safety Programme for construction, protective equipment, accident report, safety measure:

- (a) For storage and handling of building materials.
- (b) Construction of elements of a building
- (c) In demolition of buildings
- (d) Safety lacuna in Indian scenario.

UNIT II

Construction Planning: Need of construction planning, Constructional Resources, construction team, stages in construction, preparation of construction schedule, Job layout, inspection and quality control.

4. General Management: Introduction and characteristics of management, Principle and function of management, Scientific management.



UNIT III

- 5. Materials Management: Scope, Objective and functions of material management, Procurement and store management, Materials handling management, Inventory control and management. Disposal of Surplus Materials
- 6. Earth Moving Equipment: Crawler and wheel tractors their functions, types an specifications; Gradability Bull dozers and their use; tractor pulled scrapers, their sizes and output; effect of grade an rolling resistance on the output of tractor pulled scrapers Earth loaders; Placing and compacting earth fills. Power shovels-functions, selection, sizes, shovel dimension and clearances, output. Draglines-functions, types sizes, output clamshells; Safe lifting capacities and working ranges cranes; Hoes, Trenching machine types and production rate calculation of producing rates of equipment; examples.

UNIT IV

7. Hauling Equipment: Truck's; Bottom, dump wagons; capacities of trucks and wagons Balancing the capacities of hauling units with the size excavator; effect of grade, rolling resistance and altitude on the cost/performance of hauling equipment; balancing excavating hauling equipment examples.

Drilling, Blasting and Tunneling Equipment: Definition of terms, bits, Jackhammers, Drifters, wagon drills, che drills, piston drills, blast hole drills, shot drills, diamond drills, tunneling equipment, selecting the drilling method equipment; selecting drilling pattern; Rates for drilling rock, compressors.

Pile Driving Equipment: Pile hammers, selecting a pile hammer, loss of energy due to impact, Energy losses due to causes other than impact.

Reference Books:

- 1. Verma, Mahesh. (1964), *Construction equipment and its planning and application*. Metropolitan Book Company.
- 2. Peuripo, RL. (2010). Construction Planning equipment and Methods. Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Singh, Jagman. 1993. Heavy construction planning equipment and methods. Oxford and IBH.
- 4. Franklin, John (2004). A. Dusseault, Maurice B. Rock Engineering. Tata McGraw Hill.
 - 5. John, Christan.(1981). Management Machines and Methods in Civil Engineering. John Wiley and Sons

me: Concrete Construction Technology

Course Code: 145102

Semester: 1st

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Introduction of Concrete materials, Admixtures, Fly Ash, Polymers, Early Age Properties, Strength, Permeability & Durability.

Principles of Concrete mix design, Concrete Mix Design procedure by: IS/ACI/British Standards.

UNIT II

Concreting Operations- Practices and Equipment, Batching; Mixing; Transporting; Placing and Compacting; curing.

Properties and technique of construction for concrete, Fiber reinforced concrete, light weight concrete, heavy weight concrete, Foam concrete, high performance Concrete.

UNIT III

Special concrete operations, shot Crete, grouting, grunting, under water concreting, hot and cold weather concrete, pump able concrete.

Construction techniques for reinforced concrete elements-materials, Principles and procedures for beams, slabs, columns, Foundations, walls and tanks, design and fabrication of form work for R.C.C elements.

UNIT IV

Prestressed concrete construction- Principle, methods, materials, Tools and equipment for the construction of a prestressed bridge.



Practical Exercises:

Testing of aggregates-fine and coarse as per BIS procedure.

Testing of cement with reference to IS specifications and Cement Grade.

Concrete Mix Design for desired grade from given materials.

a) Design and testing of workability of concrete for a given C.C. proportion.

Design and determination of Cube Strength with given materials and proportions.

Design of Concrete Mix proportions.

Study of effect of compaction of strength of concrete.

Study of effect of plastic mixers on workability of concrete.

Study of permeability of concrete.

Conduct chemical analysis of hardened concrete to determine the cement content.

Inspection of a concrete construction site and preparation of report showing correct and incorrect practices.

Reference Books:

- 1. Gambhir, M.L. (2007). *Concrete Technology*. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 2. Mehta, P.K. (2009). *Concrete Microstructure, Properties and Materials*. PJM Monteiro Publications.

Semester: 1st

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Equations: Rots of Algebraic, Transcendental equations, Solution of linear simultaneous Equations by different methods using - Elimination, Inversion, Gauss - Jordan methods. Homogeneous Problems and Eigen Value Problems. Nonlinear Equations, Interpolation.

Finite Difference Technique: Initial and Boundary Value Problems of Ordinary and Partial differential equations, Solution of Various types of Plates.

UNIT II

New Marks Method: Solution of determinate and indeterminate Structures by using New Mark's Procedure.

Statistical Methods: Method of Correlation and Regression Analysis.

UNIT III

Initial Value Problems: Galerkin's Method of Least Square, Initial Value problem by Collocation points, Runga Kutta Method.

Newmark's Implicit and Explicit Solutions for Non Linear Problems and Convergence Criteria.

Reference Books:

- 1. Jain, M.K. & Jain, R.K. (2014). *Numerical Method Problems and Solutions*. Jain, M.K. & Jain, R.K publishers.
- 2. Tenkolsky, A. Vellerling, W.T. (2009). Numerical Receipes in Fortran, S. W.H. Press
- 3. Syal & Gupta. (2005). Computer Programming & Numerical Analysis. Khanna Publishers.

Semester: 1st

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I – Architecture

Land Acquisition Act 1894 (short titles, extent & definitions only) Municipality act 1911 (short titles, extent & definitions only, Power of committee for making bylaws, for punishment, to sanction). Architectural Planning and Layout: Principles of planning a building, Factors affecting selection of site for building, Sun & the building

UNIT II - Soil

Soil formation, particle size analysis, Indian Standard Soil Classification, time-settlement curve, Proctor test, compaction of sand, factors affecting compaction, field compaction methods, calculation of Bearing Capacity of soil by Standard Penetration Test, soil investigation report, types of shear failures, effect of water table on B.C., Settlement cases, calculation of B.C. by Plate Load Test.

Note: IS: 6403 is allowed in Exam

UNIT III – Structure

Earthquake: Hazardous effects on structures & Ground, General guidelines for earthquake resistance buildings. Liquid faction, factors affecting liquefaction & prevention,

Various Loading Conditions and Analysis of Multistoried Complex (Kani's Method for vertical loads and Portal Method for Lateral loads)

Structural Design of Beams, Columns, Slabs, Foundations and Stairs.

Structural Drawings

Reference Books

- 1. Arora, K R. (2011). Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engg. Standard Publishers.
- 2. Verma, Mahesh. (2005). Construction equipment and its planning and application. S.chand Publishers.
- 3. Peurify RL. (1995). Construction Planning equipment and Methods. Tata McGraw Hill.

Semester: 1st

(Elective-I)

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Environment & Ecology:

Definition and understanding of concepts. Ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem, water, carbon and nitrogen cycle community's inter-relationships in and ecosystem.

Type of Pollutants and Protection of Environment:

Environmental Protection Importance of clean Environment, Control of Environment pollution w.r.t. air, land and water.

Water pollution:

Sources, causes and measurement of water pollution surface water and underground water, water Quality criteria for various uses of fresh water, river basis studies for surface water pollution control biochemical oxygen demand, effect of oxygen demanding wastes on rivers.

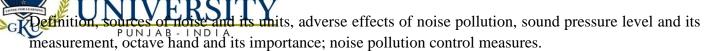
Domestic and industrial wastes:

Sources, standards for disposal of waste water Industrial effluents, Basic unit operation. In control of waste water pollution, design features for treatment for disposal of sewage effluents; guidelines of CPCB for abatement of industrial pollution technologies for control of water pollution from industries.

Air and Noise pollution:

Definition Principle materials causing pollution types of air contaminants. Their sources and effects on living and nonliving materials permissible limits. Air pollution control-Basis principles, natural self cleansing, pollution control methods and various engineering devices to control particulate and gaseous pollutants, controlling and pollution from automobiles.

Noise Pollution:



UNIT II

Land damage due to Mining: Open cast mining and its ill effects, Environmental protection practices in Mining and Environment Management Plans. City and Housing Environment: Introduction, stage of Housing/city environment, Environmental consideration in town-planning, Measures for improving city environment.

UNIT III

Current issues in Environmental Engineering:

Global warming Ozone depletion, Acid Rain, Oil pollution, Radiation Hazard and Control, Role of non-convention sources of energy in environment.

Acts/Legislation Provisions:

Need for laws various acts, Rules and notifications. Salient features of various acts: The water (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act 1974. The water (prevention and Control of pollution) Cass Act, 1977. Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act 1981. The Environment (Protection) Act 1986, The Public liability insurance Act, 1991. The forest Act 1927, the wild life (Protection) Act 1927, The Forest (Conservation) Act, 11980, various other Rules and notification for control of pollution.

UNIT IV

Environmental Impact Assessment: Definition and its importance for Environment Management, Constituents of Environment. Impact Assessment Report, Steps involved in preparing EIA,EIA methodologies Projects under EIA, Environment Impact Statement, Constraint in implementation of EIA. Impact prediction water, Resources Projects and other relevant case studies. Application of Biotechnology for Environmental Management: Basic concepts and techniques, Application for industrial effluent: Solid waste management, Bio-fertilizers and Bio-pesticides; Plant tissue culture in forestry. Bio safety aspects, Bio-remedial.

Laboratory Work/Field Tasks:

- 1. Testing of water for various parameters such as PH, DO, conductivity.
- 2. Determination of BOD for Domestic Waste/Industrial Waste.
- 3. Determination of MPN of given sample.
- 4. Air sampling to particulate matter and other gaseous contaminants.
- 5. Determination of concentration of Metallic pollutants by using Atomic Absorption spectrometer.
- 6. Monitoring of vehicular pollution emission.
- 7. Enervations of noise levels for indoor and outdoor noise levels.
- 8. Visit and submission of Report for treatment of waste water plant of any industry.



Reference Books

- 1. Peavy, Rowe, Techobanoglous, (2009) Environmental Engg. McGraw-Hill.
- 2. L Davis, Mackenzie. *Environmental* (1990). Engg. Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. H.Msters, Glbert.(1997). Environmental Engineering. Sc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Panday, GN. Carney, GC.(2006). Environmental Engineering. McGraw-Hill.
- 5. Sharma, P.D. (2004). Ecology and Environment. Rastogi Publication.

Course Name: Bridge Engineering

Course Code: 145106

Semester: 1st

Credits-04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Introduction: Definition and components of a bridge, Classification of bridges, Choice of a bridge type.

Investigation for Bridges: Need for investigation, Selection of bridge site, Determination of design discharge for River Bridge, Linear waterway, Economical span, Vertical clearance, scour depth, Afflux, Traffic projection.

UNIT II

Standard Specifications for Road Bridges: Indian Road Congress Bridge Code, Width of carriageway, Clearances, Loads to be considered; Dead load, I.R.C. standard live loads, Impact effect, Application of Live load on decks, Wind load, Longitudinal forces, Centrifugal forces, Horizontal forces due to water current, Buoyancy effect, Earth pressure, Deformation stresses, Erection stresses, Temperature effects, and Seismic force.

Reinforced Concrete Bridges: General, Types of bridges; balanced cantilever bridges, Continuous girder bridges, rigid frame bridges, Portal Frame and Arch bridges. Detailed design of solid slab and T-beam bridges,



UNIT III

Steel Bridges: General, Type of Steel bridges; Plate girder bridges, Box girder bridges, Truss bridges, Cantilever bridges, Cable stayed bridges, and Suspension bridges.

Sub-structure and Foundation: Design of piers and abutments (Masonry & R.C.C.). Types of foundations; Shallow, Pile, and Well foundations including their construction details.

UNIT IV

Bearings & Appurtenances: Different types of bearings, joints and handrails.

Construction and Maintenance of Bridges: Methods of construction of concrete bridges. Causes of Bridge failures, Inspection and maintenance.

<u>Instructions to the Examiner</u>: Total eight questions are to be set, covering the complete syllabus, out of which, the students are required to attempt any five questions.

Reference Books

- 1. Reddy, C.S. (2011). Basic structural Analysis. Mittal Publications. New Delhi.
- 2. Vazirani & Ratwani, (2002). Bridge Engineering *Vol- I and Vol.-II* Khanna Publishers. New Delhi.
- 3. Ramamurtham, S. (2011). Bridge Engineering. Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co. (P) Limited.
- 4. Concrete Bridge Design SP-23 (ACI Publication)



Course Name: Foundation Design and Construction

Course Code: 145201

Semester: 2nd

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

General principle of foundation Design.

Functions of foundations, Essential requirements of a good foundation, Types of foundations,

Principal modes of failure, Estimation of allowable bearing pressures, calculation of ultimate bearing capacity by theoretical and empirical methods: Terzaghi's Method, Skempton's analysis for clays, Meyerhof's analysis BIS Method (IS: 6403) settlement of foundations, Factors to be considered in foundation design; Environmental considerations.

Shallow Foundations:

Introduction, Essential requirements Type and depth of footings, contact Pressure below

footing strip footing, Isolated footing or Pad footing, Eccentrically loaded footings, Grillage foundations; Design features and construction details of combined footing, Strap footing or Cantilever footing Problem of frost heave, its causes and prevention effect of ground water Raft footing.

UNIT II

Pile Foundations:

Purpose/Uses of pile foundations, Classification of piles based on different criteria, Details of

Timber, Concrete, Steel Piles their advantages and disadvantages selection of Pile Type, Pile action behavior of pile and pile groups under load. Definition of failure load.

Estimation of carrying capacity: Single driven pile in cohesion less soils-methods based of on SPT and CPT, ultimate load on Driven and cast-in-place piles and Bored and cast-in place piles in cohesion less

Modification for driven and cast-in-place piles and Bored and Cast-in-place piles. Carrying capacity of piles on rocks. Piles in fills-negative skin friction. Carrying capacity of Pile groups in cohesive soil and cohesion less soils, efficiency of pile group. piles subjected to horizontal or inclined loads.

UNIT III

Soil Stability.

Retaining walls-Types Elements for design, construction of cantilever and counter fort retaining walls. Unbraced excavations, braced excavations. Sheet Piles and Bulkheads-Types and design of cantilever and Anchored sheet piles; Anchors and Tie backs. Shorting and Underpinning- Necessity and methods.

Improvement of Foundation Soils.

Purpose: Improvement of Granular Soils: Terms used to describe degree of compactness-Relative Density, Density Ratio and Degree of Compaction;

Methods - Vibration at ground surface, factors influencing, roller compaction; Deep Dynamic Compaction, Vibro compaction, Impact at depth.

Improvement of Cohesive soils: Preloading or Dewatering, Methods of installing sand drains, drain wicks, Electrical and Thermal methods.

Grouting: Purpose, Functions Types of grouts; Soil Bentonite-cement mix, cement mix, emulsions, solutions: Grout Injection methods.

d) Geosynthetics: Types, Functions, Manufacturing of geotextiles, Classification of geotextiles.

Specific Applications: Bearing capacity improvement, Reinforcement, Retaining walls, Embankment etc. Testing of Geosynthetics usage in India and a case study.

UNIT IV

Special Considerations in Foundation Design and construction: Elementary Principles of design and construction of foundations subjected to earthquake ordynamic loads Special measures for foundations constructed under water.

Practical Exercises:

Conduct of standard Penetration Test and estimation of bearing capacity.

Determination of shear strength characteristics by field tests like in situ vane shear test, pocket penetrometer etc.

GK Computation of bearing capacity and settlement for given conditions of soil depth and type of foundation and loading.

Recommend a field investigation program to obtain design data.

Design of shallow foundations.

Recommend suitable dimensions. Depth and spacing of pile/pile group for given loading conditions.

Reference books:

- 1. Tomlinson, Mj. (1996). Foundation Design and Construction. ELBS Longman.
- 2. Joseph E, Bowles. (2000). Foundation Analysis and Design. McGraw Hill.
- 3. Brahma, SP. (1985). Foundation Engineering. Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Robert M, Koerner. (1985). Construction and Geotechnical Methods in Foundation Engineering. McGraw Hill.
- 5. Mohan, Dinesh. (1998). Pile foundations. oxford & IBH,.
- 6. Kurian, N.P. (1982). Modern Foundations. Tata McGraw Hill,

LIST OF B.I.S. CODES

Title I.S.No.

1. Code of practice for design and 2911(Part-1-Section 1979 construction of pile foundations:

Part 1 Concrete Piles, Section

Driven cast in-situ concrete piles (first revision)(With Amendment No.2)

2. Code of practice for design and 2911(Part 1-Section 1979)

construction of pile foundations:

Part 1 concrete piles, Section 2

Bored cast-in-situ piles (first revision)

(With Amendment No.3)

2911(Part 1-Section 1979)

construction of pile foundations:

Part-1 concrete piles, Section 3

Driven precast concrete piles.

(first revision)(With Amendment No.3)

4. Code of practice for design and 2911(Part 1-Section 1984)

construction of pile foundations:

Part-1 concrete piles, Section 4

bored precast concrete pile(With

Amendment No.-1)

5. Code of practice for design and 2911 (Part 4) 1985

construction of pile foundations:

Part-4 Load test of piles (first

revision) (With Amendment No.1)

6. Code of practice for design and 2911(Part-2) 1980

construction of pile foundations:

Part-2 Timber piles (first revision

(With Amendment No.-1)

7. Guide for lateral dynamic load 9716:1981

test on piles

8. Guidelines for selection of ground 13094:1992

13094:1992 improvement techniques

for foundation in weed soils.

9. Glossary of terms for Geosynthetics: 13321 (Part 1): 1992

Part 1 Terms used in materials and properties



13325:1992

of tensile properties of extruded polymer geogrids using the wide strip.

11. Method of test for the evaluation 13326(Part 1):1992
of interface friction between Geosynthetics
and soil Part 1 modified direct shear technique

12. Code of practice for design and construction 1080:1986of foundations for transmission line towers and poles (first revision)

13. Code of practice for design and
construction of foundations in
soils: general requirements
(third revision)

14. Code of practice for determination 6403:1981
of bearing capacity of shallow
foundations (first revision) (With
Amendment No.1)

ne: Maintenance of Building Structures

Course Code: 145202

Semester: 2nd

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT-I

Principles of Maintenance: Importance of Maintenance, Deterioration and durability, Factors affecting decision to carryout maintenance, Maintenance and GNP Agencies causing deterioration, effect of deterioration agencies on materials.

Design and economic consideration in Maintenance:

Factors to reduce maintenance at design stage, Consideration of maintenance aspects in preparing tender document and specifications, Sources of error in design which enhances maintenance, Importance of working drawings and schedules Provision of access for maintenance and its importance at design stage.

Economic consideration in Maintenance: Physical life, Functional life, Economic lige of different types of buildings, discounting technique for assessment of economic life.

UNIT II

Maintenance Management: Definition, Organization structure, work force for Maintenance, Communication needs,

Building inspections, Maintenance budget and estimates, Property inspections and reports, Specification for maintenance jobs, Health and safety in maintenance, Quality in Maintenance, maintenance Manual and their importance.

Materials for maintenance:

Compatibility of repair materials, Durability and maintenance. Types of materials, their specification and application, Criteria for selection of material, Use of Commercial available materials in maintenance.



UNIT III

Investigation and diagnosis for Repair of structures: Basic Approach to investigations, Physical inspection, Material Tests, Non destructive testing for diagnosis, Estimation of actual, loads and environmental effects, Study of design and construction practices used in original construction, Retrospective analysis, Confirmation and repair steps.

Building Defects and Remedial Measures:

Nature, types of problems, their causes, remedial measures and special treatment for building elements. Foundation, Basements D.P.C. Walls Wall finishes Chimney, stacks and shafts Columns and beams Roof and roof terraces Floor and floor finishes Joinery work Decorative/decorative finishes Services Materials Dampness

Unit -IV

Acoustics:

Basic problems criteria and terminology, Transmission of sources in rooms, speech privacy

Between offices, co-efficient of source absorption, noise reduction co-efficient, classification selection of acoustical materials, design and installation of acoustical Treatment for of auditorium, schools religion buildings.

Air Conditioning Heating and Ventilation: Different types of heating equipment viz radiation converters, electric radiant panel heaters,

Requirements comfort conditions, temperature control, humidity control Mechanical ventilation plenum system, exhaust system fans, air filters of different types, air conditioning plants layout of ducts for cinema auditoriums and offices etc.

UNIT V

Fire Fighting: Fire regulations and requirements, cause of fire, fire resistance of materials, fire tests, fire-reissuance of elements, layout escape means for Multi storied buildings, Fire Training equipment different methods of fire fighting fire protection.

Electrical Services:

General distribution of electric power: Sub-stations for small schemes and industrial units, meter-rooms, electrical installations in buildings, Fuses and Circuit breakers, various types of conduits, earthling, switches and outlet, lamp holder electrical wiring -different materials employed specifications, electrical appliances and electrical service bye-laws pertaining to electrical installations. Different types of artificial lighting systems, lighting systems for residential buildings, public buildings, hotels, cinemas, hospitable exhibition, halls, libraries, schools, college, scientific laboratories etc.



Classification types of lifts, lift codes and rules. Traffic analysis and selection of lifts, Quantity of service, Quality service, Car speed. Provision form fire safety Angle Arrangements of lifts, Details of information to be given to manufacturers, Escalators, Types and their installation.

Reference Books:

- 1. Seeley, IVOR H. (1990). Building Technology. Mac Millian.
- 2. Shetty, M.S. (2008). *Concrete Technology Theory and Practice*. S. Chand and Company.
- 3. DovKominetzky, M.S. (2001). *Design and Construction Failures*. Golgotha Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Ravishankar. K. & Krishnamoorthy, T.S. (2004). *Structural Health Monitoring Repair and Rehabilitation of Concrete Structures*. Allied Publishers,
- 5. Gambhir, M.L. CPWD and Indian Buildings Congress. (2008). *Hand book on Seismic Retrofit of Buildings*. Narosa Publishers.
- 6. Chudley, Building Finishes, fittings and domestic sercie longman, Scientific and Technical.

Course Name: Computer Aided Design Methods

Course Code: 145203

Semester: 2nd

Credits- 04 LTP

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Introduction to CAD and its scope simple description of computer hardware. Micro, mini etc. memory, processor. Peripheral devices-disks, printer. Video terminals. Graphic floater, graphic screen digitizer. Computer Graphics: introduction, point plotting techniques, line drawing displays, two-three dimensional transformation, clipping and windowing, segmentation geometric modeling. Three dimensional graphics, curves and surfaces, hidden surface elimination, shading. Graphic input devices. Graphic input technique, input functions. Raster graphic fundamentals, interactive raster graphics, and raster graphic systems.

UNIT II

Computer aided linkage displays and synthesis, interactive acceleration analysis. Appreciation of graphic packages. Matrix methods of structural analysis and associated computer Programme assembly

of matrices. Solution of equilibrium equations. Flow charts. Typical listing as illustrations. Introduction to interactive computer Programme for the design detailing of simple structural elements: RCC slab, beams, columns, isolated footings etc. Steel typical members and connections. Data base management, storing and retrieving of data

Reference Books:

- 1. Newman, William M. & Sproul, Robert F. Principles of interactive computer graphics.
- 2. Hunton & owan (2000). *Programming in Finite Element*. Golgotha Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Sinha, P.K. (2003). Computer Fundamentals. BPB Publications.
- 4. Rooney, Joe & Steadman, Philips. (2007). *Principles of Computer Aided design*. Golgotha Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Course Name: Building Cost and Quality Management

Course Code: 145204

Semester: 2nd

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Estimation of quantities for R.C.C. multistoried complex viz. earthwork, concrete in foundation, D.P.C., R.C.C. work, flooring and roofing, plastering and pointing etc., wood work, white washing.

Analysis of rates for multistoried building works – Brick work in foundations and Superstructure, cement concrete, R.C. C., Plastering, Flooring, Timber work etc.

UNIT II

Checking of construction quality – various tests of bricks, cement, concrete, aggregates, and steel as per IS codes. Preparation of bills for payment, measurement book, mode of payment, running account bill. Ledger and Cash book details, Arbitration.

UNIT III

Estimation of building services viz. water supply works, electrification, sanitary fitting etc, and their cost analysis. Completion report of the project; Checking of Plan, Details of various works, and issue of completion report of the project.

Gristructions to the Examiner. Total eight questions are to be set out of which the students are required to attempt any five questions.

Reference Books:

- 1. Rangwala, S.C. (1982). Estimating and Costing. Anand. Charotar Book Stall
- 2. Chakraborti, M. (1992). Estimating Costing and Specification in Civil Engineering. Calcutta Publishers.
- 3. Dutta, B.N. (2002). *Estimating and Costing*. Khanna Publisher.
- 4. Mahajan, Sanjay. (2000). Estimating and Costing. Satya Parkashan. Delhi
- 5. Singh, Gurbakshish. (1998). Quality surveying. Eagle Prakashan. Jalandher



Course Name: Pavement Design, Construction and Maintenance

Course Code: 145205

Semester: 2nd

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Introduction: Types of pavement structure. Functions of pavement components, Factors affecting pavement design. Design wheel load, Strength characteristics of pavement materials.

Design of Flexible Pavements: General design considerations, Methods for design of flexible pavements; Group Index method, California Bearing Ratio (CBR) method, California Resistance Value method, Triaxial Test method, Burmister method, McLeod's method.

UNIT II

Design of Rigid Pavements: General design considerations, Methods for design of rigid pavements; Westergard's method, F.A.A. method, IRC recommendations for design of concrete pavements, method, Types of joints and their design in cement concrete pavements. Thickness design for Airport pavement, LCN system of pavement design, design of airport pavement overlays.

Highway Construction: Types of highway construction and their selection, materials for construction, construction procedure of different highways: Earth roads, Gravel roads, WBM roads, bituminous pavements, Cement concrete pavements, Low cost roads, Introduction to various equipment used for highway construction.

Highway Maintenance: Need for highway maintenance, Pavement failures their causes and remedial measures. Typical flexible and rigid pavement failures, Types of highway maintenance: Routine, periodic and special type, materials used for maintenance of different pavements, Strengthening of existing pavements, Maintenance management system.



- 1. Determination of CBR value of sub grade soils.
- 2. Determination of Ductility of bituminous materials.
- 3. Determination of stripping value of road aggregate.
- 4. Determination of Marshall Stability value of bituminous mix.
- 5. Field visit for study of Batching and Mixing plant for bituminous construction of roads.

<u>Instructions to the Examiner</u>: Total eight questions are to be set, covering the complete syllabus, out of which, the students are required to attempt any five questions.

Reference Books:

- 1. Roess, RP. McShane, WR. & Prassas, ES.(1998), Traffic Engineering. Prentice Hall.
- 2. May, A. D. (1990). Fundamentals of Traffic Flow. Prentice Hall.
- 3. Papacostas, C.S. (1987). Fundamentals of Transportation Engineering. Prentice Hall.
- 4. Kadiyali, L.R. (1987). Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning. Khanna Publications.
- 5. Highway Capacity Manual (2000). Transportation Research Board, USA.
- 6. Khanna, S.K. & Justo, C.E. G. (1991). Highway Engineering. Khanna Publications.
- 7. Pingnataro, G. J. (1970). Principles of Traffic Engineering. McGraw Hill

me: Rural Construction Technology

Course Code: 145206

Semester: 2nd

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Rural Development Planning and Concept of Appropriate Technology. Scope, Development Plans; Various approaches to rural development planning Concept of Appropriate technology; Role of Civil Engineering in Rural Development; Organizational structures & management rural development programmers/projects.

Rural Housing: Low cost construction materials for housing low cost housing designs-architectural considerations for individual and group housing; composite material-Ferro cement & flay ash, Autoclaved Calcium silicate bricks and soil-stabilized unburnt brick; Plinth protection of Mud Walls; Design Consideration and Construction of: Non-erodible Mud Plaster, water-proof and fire-retardant roof treatment for thatch roofs, Precast stone Masonry Block walling scheme; rat-trap bond for walls; Prefab Brick Panels for roof, Ferro cement flooring/roofing units, Thin R.C.Ribbed slab fon floors & roofs, Precast R.C. Channel Unit for flooring/roofing scheme, Precast R.C. cored unit for flooring/roofing scheme, Precast R.C. Plank flooring/roofing scheme, L-Pan roofing scheme; Glued Plywood Web Beams and Roof Panels; manual & Power Scaffold hoist, lifting device for prefab components; solar passive building design; Building economics and management.

UNIT II

Water Supply and Rural Sanitation: Epidemiology sources of water, BIS & WHO water standards. Quality, Storage and distribution for rural water supply works; Basic Design principles of treatment-Low Cost water treatment technologies; Hand pumps-types, installation operation, and maintenance of Mark-II hand pump; Conservation of water; Rainwater, Harvesting; Drainage in rural areas, Design of low cost waste disposal systems; Design and constructions of low cost latrines: 2 pit pour flush water seal VIP latrines, septic tank etc; Biogas technology: Low cost community & individual Garbage disposal systems, Recycling of organic/agricultural wastes: Development of village ponds; Ferro cement water storage tanks & latrines. Cattle shed management; Sewage farming-standards for disposal and use for irrigation.

Low Cost Roads and Transport: Low cost pavement materials-testing suitability criteria processing materials; factors affecting pavement thickness & composition of various layers; CRRI Design for rural

roads-Traffic index, strength index, CBR curve Intermediate Technology & Technology options for specifies areas. Labor in tensile techniques of road construction Mechanical stabilization; lime stabilization; water bou Macadam Construction; utilization of waste in rural construction one/two coat surface dressing; bitumen premix carpet; low cost improved transport system rural areas.

UNIT III

Low Cost irrigation: Design & Construction of Tube well, Drip & Sprinkle irrigation systems; Water logging Reclamation land watershed and catchment area development-problem and features of watershed Management Plans watershed structures and their basic design catchment treatment and Rehabilitation Plans; Types of M Hydel Plants, site selection, Advantages of Mini & Mi Hydel projects, structures required for plants.

Reference Books:

- 1. Madhov Rao, A.G. & Ramachandra Murthy, D.S.(2000). *Apprority Technologies for low cost*. Housing oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. CBRI, Roorkee Advances in building Materials Construction.
- 3. Satyanarayan Murthy, C.(1998). *Design of Minor Irrigation and Canal Structures*. Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 4. Document on Rural Road Development in India. (2009). Volume Central Road Research Institute, New Delhi.



Semester: 3rd

(Elective-III)

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents UNIT I

Fiber Reinforced Concrete: Properties of Constituent Materials, Mix Proportions, Mixing and Casting Procedures, Properties of Freshly mixed FRC, Mechanics and properties of Fiber reinforced concrete, Composite Material approach, Application of fibre reinforced concrete.

Fly Ash Concrete: Classification of Indian Flyashes, Properties of Fly ash, Reaction Mechanism, Proportioning of Fly ash concretes, Properties of Fly ash concrete in fresh and hardened state, Durability of flyash concrete.

UNIT II

Polymer Concrete: Terminology used in polymer concrete, Properties of constituent materials, Polymer impregnated concrete, Polymer modified concrete, Properties and applications of polymer concrete and polymer impregnated concrete.

Ferro Cement: Constituent materials and their properties, Mechanical properties of Ferro cement, Construction techniques and application of Ferro cement.

UNIT III

High Performance Concrete: Materials for high performance concrete, Supplementary cementing materials, Properties and durability of high performance concrete, Introduction to silica fume concrete, Properties and applications of silica fume concrete.

Sulphur Concrete and Sulphur Infiltrated Concrete: Process technology, Mechanical properties, Durability and applications of sulphur concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Infiltration techniques, Mechanical properties, Durability and applications of sulphur infiltrated concrete.

Light weight concrete: Properties of light weight concretes, Pumice concrete, Aerated cement mortars, No fines concrete, Design and applications of light weight concrete.

Reference Books

- 1. Concrete, its Properties and Microstructure by P.K. Mehta, and P.J.M. Monterio.
- 2. Ferro cement by B.K. Paul, and R.P. Pama
- 3. Fiber Reinforced Concrete by Bentur and Mindess
- 4. Fly ash in Concrete by Malhotra and Ramezanianpour

Semester: 3rd

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Introduction to limit state method of design, provisions in the Indian standard codes for loading wind loads and seismic loads, design and detailing of concrete structures.

BIS Handbook for design, Examples of design using handbook.

UNIT II

Design of Structures as per I.S. 1893 for Earthquake Resistant Design Construction. Design and Detailing Requirements as per 4326-1993.

UNIT III

Design and Detailing of Earthen Buildings as per 13827-1993. Design and Detailing of Masonry Structures as per I.S. 13828-1993

UNIT IV

Design and Ductile Detailing of R.C.C. Structures as per I.S. 13920-1993 Repair and Seismic Strengthening of Buildings as per I.S. 13935-1993.

Reference Books

- 1. Dayaratnam, P. (2001). Reinforced Concrete Structure. S. Chand Publishers.
- 2. Jain, A.K. (1998). Reinforced Concrete Limit State Method of Design. Khanna Publishers.
- 3. Punmia, B.C. Reinforced Concrete Structures, Vol II. Allied Publishers.
- 4. Jain & jaikrishna Plain and Reinforced Concrete Vol II. JP Publishers
- 5. B.I.S. Codes 1893, 4326, 13827, 13828, 13920, 13935

Semester: 3rd

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

- 1. Disaster Reduction: Earthquake resistant design of structures, Response spectra and design earthquake parameters, Principles and philosophies, Codal provisions, Factors affecting damage to structures, Enforcement of codal provisions, Strong motion instrumentation and data processing, Effective rescue operation, General planning and design aspects, Conventional earthquake resistant design, Seismic base isolation method, retrofitting, Training and lecturing at various levels, Preparedness to meet earthquake disaster, Programmers for public awareness, demonstrations and exhibitions, Information management (Safety, emergencies, management and planning, design, response, user experience problems and case studies), Proper land use practices, long term disaster preparedness measures. Precautions after a major earthquake, Preparedness for medical supply Emergency care (First aid, Home remedies), Disposal of dead bodies (Human and Cattle), Care for old and orphans.
- 2. Indirect Damages Damage due to ground failures, Landslides, rockslides, liquefaction, fire, floods, tsunamis, release of hazardous material like poisonous gas, nuclear radiation.

UNIT II

- 3. Disaster Management- Management cell, Central crisis management core group, damage reconnaissance, Management of relief and rehabilitation (Infrastructure rehabilitation, Housing rehabilitation, Social rehabilitation), Role of volunteers, Emergency operation centers, Information system, Danger zone restrictions, Cooperation with local authority, Coordination for international relief, Role of government, NGO's, Business and donors, Role of remote sensing in relief operations, Information management and related technologies in engineering and disaster management.
- 4. The design and management of Disaster Information Resource Network, Asian Disaster Preparedness Centre, Regional data base, Contacts and Sources, CD ROM Library for Natural Disaster Management, Regional Disaster Documentation Centre, Non Governmental Organizations.



- 1. Iyengar, (1990). Natural Hazards in the Urban Habitat C.B.R.I. Tata McGraw Hill Publisher
- 2. Ingleton, Jon. (2004). Natural Disaster management. Tudor Rose Published.

Course Name: Construction Costing and Financial Management

Course Code: 145304

Semester: 3rd

Credits- 04 L T P

4 0 0

Course Contents

UNIT I

Construction Costing: Costing of construction Works, different methods of costing, cost elements in a project, Analysis of rates, Non-scheduled items of work, Cost estimation for a small construction job, Purpose, methods and stages of cost control, cost monitoring, cost forecasting methods, variations in individual items of work and their effect on total contract price, valuation of variations.

Cash flow: Determining the funds required for a construction job, preparing cash flow statements, Cash inflow and outflow during contract period, Project expectations and performance models.

UNIT II

Cash and payment of works; Precautions in custody of cash, impress account and temporary advance, Maintenance of temporary advance and advance account, different types of payment, first running advance and final payments.

Material Management: Objectives and scope of material management classification, codification, ABC analysis, standardization and substitution, Introduction to inventory control, Stores management organization and lay out, receipt, inspection and issue, care and safety, store records and store accounting.

Financial Management: Meaning and scope financial statement analysis, funds flow analysis, Capital budgeting, cost benefit analysis.

Practical Exercise:

- 1. Filling up of prescribed treasury challan form and imprest account form with given data.
- 2. Preparation of cash flow statement for a small construction project with given data.
- 3. Filing up of Daily labor report on prescribed form with given data.



B. for different work components. 5. Preparation of analysis of rates for different items of work.

- 6. Preparation of cost estimates for a small project.
- 7. Material statement and material analysis.
- 8. Carry out financial statement analysis, ratio analysis and funds flow analysis for projects from given case studies.

Reference Books:

- Rangwala, S.C. (1982). Estimating and Costing. Anand. Charotar Book Stall
- 2. Chakraborti, M. (1992). Estimating Costing and Specification in Civil Engineering. Calcutta Publishers.
- 3. Dutta, B.N. (2002). Estimating and Costing. Khanna Publisher.
- 4. Mahajan, Sanjay. (2000). Estimating and Costing. Satya Parkashan. Delhi
- 5. Singh, Gurbakshish. (1998). Quality surveying. Eagle Prakashan. Jalandher

Total Number of Courses	19
Number of Theory Courses	16
Number of Practical Courses	03
Total Number of Credits	64



ACADEMIC INSTURCTIONS

Attendance Requirements

A student shall have to attend 75% of the scheduled periods in each course in a semester; otherwise he / she shall not be allowed to appear in that course in the University examination and shall be detained in the course(s). The University may condone attendance shortage in special circumstances (as specified by the Guru Kashi University authorities). A student detained in the course(s) would be allowed to appear in the subsequent university examination(s) only on having completed the attendance in the program, when the program is offered in a regular semester(s) or otherwise as per the rules.

Assessment of a course

Each course shall be assessed out of 100 marks. The distribution of these 100 marks is given in subsequent sub sections (as applicable).

		Internal (50)							
Components	Attendance		Assignmen	ETE					
		A1	A2	A3	1				
Weightage	10	10	10 10 10 30 30						
Average Weightage	10		10 30					100	

Passing Criteria

The students have to pass both in internal and external examinations. The minimum passing marks to clear in examination is 40% of the total marks.